

Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management India Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025 and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income) , changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw your attention to Note 2.1 (a) to the financial statements, regarding the preparation of the financial statement on a realisable value basis given the Company's intention to initiate the winding up activities as soon as practicable. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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Price Waterhouse (a Partnership Firm) converted into Price Waterhouse LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP identity no: LLPIN AAS – 3673) with effect from April 22, 2020. Post its conversion to Price Waterhouse LLP, its ICAI registration number is (FRN 301112E/E300264) (ICAI registration number before conversion was 301112E)

Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited

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Other Information

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
7. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
8. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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Report on Audit of the Financial Statements

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10. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

12. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

13. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

14. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited
Report on Audit of the Financial Statements

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- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the back-up of the books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode, on servers physically located in India, has not been maintained on a daily basis and except for the matters stated in paragraph 14(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) ("the Rules"). Refer note 33 and 34 in the financial statements.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 14(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 14(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- (g) Clause (i) of Section 143(3) on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is not applicable pursuant to notification G.S.R 583(E) dated June 13, 2017.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. According to the information and explanation give to us and records of the company examined by us, the Company does not have any pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements as on March 31, 2025 – Refer Note 24 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as at March 31, 2025.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025. Refer Note 37 to the financial statements.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 35(vii) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate

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Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 35(vii) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended March 31, 2025.

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software operated by a third party service provider, for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that the audit trail record does not contain the pre-modified values and audit trail has not been enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes. During the course of our audit, other than the aforesaid instances of audit trail not maintained where the question of our commenting does not arise, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Further, the audit trail has not been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

15. The provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are applicable only to public companies. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse LLP

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

Chartered Accountants

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Date: 2025.04.24
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GUPTA

Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership Number: 127417

UDIN: 25127417BMJBKX2571

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

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In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and furnished by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us during the course of our audit, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i. (a) The Company neither has any Property, Plant and Equipment nor Intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2025 and accordingly, reporting under the clauses 3(i)(a)(A), 3(i)(a)(B), 3(i)(b) and 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company does not own any immovable properties. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Management has represented that, no proceedings have been initiated on the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements does not arise.
- ii. (a) The Company is in the business of rendering services and, consequently, does not hold any inventory. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.
- iii. The Company has not made any investments, granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the services of the Company.
- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including income tax, provident fund and goods and services tax with the appropriate authorities.
- (b) There are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

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Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

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- viii. There are no transactions previously unrecorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) As the Company does not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year and as at the balance sheet date, hence the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a), 3(ix)(b) and 3(ix)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on short term basis. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government.
 - (c) Management has represented to us, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. Further, the management has represented that there is no such reporting made by the Company Secretary. Also, the Company was not required to appoint cost accountant, hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order with respect to filing ADT 4 by cost accountant is not applicable.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 188 of the Act. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed

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in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act, and accordingly, to this extent, the provisions of Clause 3(xiii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Act and hence reporting under Clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- xv. In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause (xviii) is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios (Also refer Note 31 to the financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due. (Also refer paragraph 4 of our audit report on the financial statements and Note 2.1 (a) to the

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financial statements regarding the Company's preparation of the financial statements on a realisable value basis).

- xx The Company did not meet the prescribed limits of net profits/ turnover/net worth for the immediately preceding three financial years i.e. March 31, 2022, March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024, the Company was not required to incur CSR expenditure. Hence, the provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

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Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership Number: 127417

UDIN: 25127417BMJBKX2571

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

Balance Sheet

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

INR ('000)	Note	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Assets			
Current Assets			
Deferred tax assets (net)	5	-	1,393
Income tax assets	6	10,377	16,309
Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	7	1,793	4,316
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	617,124	591,450
Other current assets	9	14,799	11,672
Total current assets		644,093	625,140
Total assets		644,093	625,140
Liabilities and Equity			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10	412,647	412,647
Other equity	11	211,457	189,768
Total equity		624,104	602,415

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

INR ('000)	Note	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	12	9,397	-
Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	13		
(a) Total outstanding dues micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	65
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises other than (i) (a) above		7,528	16,925
(ii) Other financial liabilities	14	166	125
Current tax liabilities	15	2,399	4,320
Other current liabilities	16	499	1,290
Total current liabilities		19,989	22,725
Total equity and liabilities			
		644,093	625,140

The accompanying notes 1 to 37 are an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

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Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership No: 127417

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**SAMIR
SAWHNEY**

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Samir Sawhney

Director

DIN: 09224977

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**ABHIMAN
YU DIWAN**

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Abhimanyu Diwan

Director

DIN: 10046685

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

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HINDUJA**

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Barkha Hinduja

Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

Statement of Profit and Loss

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

INR ('000)	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	17	8,545	12,322
Other income	18	50,307	44,942
Total income		58,852	57,264
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	19	1,567	1,200
Finance costs	20	166	125
Other expenses	21	18,099	30,185
Total expenses		19,832	31,510
Profit before tax		39,020	25,754
Tax expense / (benefit)	22		
Deferred tax expense / (benefit)		17,331	3,248
Total tax expense		17,331	3,248
Total profit and comprehensive income for the year		21,689	22,506
Earnings per equity share	23		
Basic & Diluted (INR)		0.53	0.55

The accompanying notes 1 to 37 are an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**KAPIL
GUPTA**

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by KAPIL GUPTA
Date: 2025.04.24
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Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 127417

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**SAMIR
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Samir Sawhney

Director

DIN: 09224977

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

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Abhimanyu Diwan

Director

DIN: 10046685

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**BARKHA
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Barkha Hinduja

Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

Statement of Changes in Equity

A. Equity share capital

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

INR ('000)	Note	INR ('000)
As at 1 April 2023		412,647
Changes in equity share capital	10	-
As at 31 March 2024		412,647
Changes in equity share capital	10	-
As at 31 March 2025		412,647

B. Other equity

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

		Attributable to owners of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited													
INR ('000)	Note	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserve and surplus					Other reserves				Total other equity	Non-controlling interests	Total	
			Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained earnings	Debt redemption reserve	Share options outstanding account	FVOCI—equity investments	Cash flow hedging reserve	Costs of hedging reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve				
Balance at 1 April 2023		-	-	14,344	152,918	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	167,262
Profit for the year		-	-	-	22,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,506
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

INR ('000)	Note	Attributable to owners of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited											
		Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserve and surplus				Other reserves				Total other equity	Non-controlling interests	
			Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained earnings	Debenture redemption reserve	Share options outstanding account	FVOCI—equity investments	Cash flow hedging reserve	Costs of hedging reserve			Foreign currency translation reserve
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	22,506	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,506
Deferred hedging gains/(losses) and costs of hedging transferred to the carrying value of inventory purchased in the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of equity shares	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2024		-	14,344	175,424	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,768
(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)													

INR ('000)	Note	Attributable to owners of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited											
		Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserve and surplus				Other reserves				Total other equity	Non-controlling interests	
			Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained earnings	Debenture redemption reserve	Share options outstanding account	FVOCI—equity investments	Cash flow hedging reserve	Costs of hedging reserve			Foreign currency translation reserve
Balance at 1 April 2024	-	-	14,344	175,424	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,768
Profit for the year	-	-	-	21,689	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,689
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	21,689	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,689
Deferred hedging gains/(losses) and costs of hedging transferred to inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings on acquisition of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

Attributable to owners of SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Management Private Limited														
INR ('000)	Note	Equity component of compound financial instruments	Reserve and surplus					Other reserves				Total other equity	Non-controlling interests	Total
			Securities premium	General Reserve	Retained earnings	Debenture redemption reserve	Share options outstanding account	FVOCI-equity investments	Cash flow hedging reserve	Costs of hedging reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve			
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:														
Issue of equity shares, net of transaction costs	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of optionally convertible bonds (net of deferred tax)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interests on acquisition of subsidiary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee stock option expense		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2025		-	-	14,344	197,113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	211,457

The accompanying notes 1 to 37 are an integral part of the financial statements.

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse LLP

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

KAPIL GUPTA
A
Digitally signed by KAPIL GUPTA
Date: 2025.04.24 17:17:06 +05'30'

Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 127417

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

SAMIR SAWHNEY
Digitally signed by SAMIR SAWHNEY
Date: 2025.04.24 13:38:16 +05'30'

Samir Sawhney

Director

DIN: 09224977

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

ABHIMANYU DIWAN
YU DIWAN
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Date: 2025.04.24 14:40:51 +05'30'

Abhimanyu Diwan

Director

DIN: 10046685

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

BARKHA DEEPAK HINDUJA
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Date: 2025.04.24 14:40:23 +05'30'

Barkha Hinduja

Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

Statement of Cash Flow

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

INR ('000)	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Cash Flow from operating activities			
Profit before tax		39,020	25,754
Operating loss before working capital changes		39,020	25,754
Working capital changes			
Decrease in trade payables	13	(9,462)	(14,670)
Decrease in other financial liabilities	14	41	(19)
Decrease in other current liabilities	16	(791)	(1,404)
Decrease in trade receivables	7	2,523	13,176
Decrease in other financial assets	9	-	4
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets	9	(3,127)	12,167
Cash used in operations		28,204	35,008
Income tax paid (net of refunds)		(2,530)	(4,148)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		25,674	30,860

(All amounts in INR unless otherwise stated)

INR ('000)	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
Net cash flows generated from investing activities		-	-
Net cash flows in financing activities		-	-

INR ('000)	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		25,674	30,860
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		591,450	560,590
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	617,124	591,450
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the balance sheet			
Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	8	617,124	591,450
Cash and cash equivalents as at the year end		617,124	591,450

The accompanying notes 1 to 37 are an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes:

- 1.The above Statement of Cash flow has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7 - 'Cash Flow Statements'.
- 2.Figures in brackets indicate cash outflow.

This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

**KAPIL
GUPTA**

Digitally signed
by KAPIL GUPTA
Date: 2025.04.24
17:18:06 +05'30'

Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 127417

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**SAMIR
SAWHNEY**

Digitally signed by
SAMIR SAWHNEY
Date: 2025.04.24
13:38:57 +05'30'

Samir Sawhney

Director

DIN: 09224977

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**ABHIMAN
YU DIWAN**

Digitally signed by
ABHIMANYU DIWAN
Date: 2025.04.24
14:41:34 +05'30'

Abhimanyu Diwan

Director

DIN: 10046685

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**BARKHA
DEEPAK
HINDUJA**

Digitally signed by
BARKHA DEEPAK HINDUJA
Date: 2025.04.24 14:41:56
+05'30'

Barkha Hinduja

Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Company Overview

The Company is incorporated and domiciled in India. The principal activity of the Company is to provide asset/ portfolio management services to SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trust ("SMIT") (a Venture Capital Fund) and providing non-binding investment advisory services to Macquarie SBI Infrastructure Management Pte. Limited ("MSIMPL"), a company incorporated in Singapore, under the Services Agreement entered into with MSIMPL. The Company is not a Core Investment Company.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policies and Other Accounting Policies

2.1 Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis for Preparation of Financial Statements:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Given the current term of SMIT has ended on 19 April 2023, Company had intimated to SEBI and investors of SMIT and continues to make all reasonable endeavours to realise the remaining assets held by SMIT having regards to the current market conditions and the regulatory environment and thereafter, initiate the winding up activities of SMIT and the Company. In the interim, SEBI issued a notification on July 11, 2024 amending the SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012 (AIF Regulations). This amendment allows venture capital funds (VCFs) under the VCF Regulations, whose tenure has expired and who have not been able to wind up the underlying illiquid assets, to register as migrated venture capital fund. Accordingly, SMIT applied for migration to SEBI on December 24, 2024 and the application is under process with SEBI.

Consequently, the Directors have determined that the going concern basis of preparation is no longer appropriate. Management has assessed that all the assets and liabilities are current and their carrying value approximates the realisable value at balance sheet date and are thus not comparable to the comparative reporting period. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on April 24, 2025.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are material to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

Amendments to existing Ind AS:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 9 September 2024 and 28 September 2024 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Third Amendment Rules, 2024, respectively, which amended/ notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024:

- Insurance contracts - Ind AS 117; and
- Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to Ind AS 116

These amendments did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(b) Currency Translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is also the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency").

(ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in a currency other than the functional currency ("foreign currency") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Currency translation differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the balance sheet date are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined.

(c) Revenue recognition

(i) Management fees

Management fee income is recognised (net of GST and rebate), on an accrual basis and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Management Agreement that the Company has entered into with SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trust ("SMIT" or "Fund"). Management fees are billed on a quarterly basis and are computed as follows:

- The term of SMIT was extendable by 2 terms of 2 years each subject to relevant approvals. On April 5, 2019, the IPRC of SMIT approved an extension to the life of SMIT for another 2 years until April 19, 2021 and it was further agreed that the management fees charged by the Company to SMIT would be 0.7% for the financial year 2020 and 0% thereafter.
- On February 25, 2021, the IPRC of SMIT and MSIF approved the extension of the First Extension Termination date by a further period of two years from 19 April 2021 to 19 April 2023 at nil management fees.

(ii) Service fees

Service fee relates to investment management support services provided by the Company to MSIMPL and is paid in accordance with the Services Agreement entered on 29 December 2009 between the Company and MSIMPL, a company incorporated in Singapore. The fee is charged by the Company on a cost plus mark-up basis. Revenue from services is recognised on rendering of services at cost plus mark-up basis in accordance with contractual arrangements with MSIMPL, when no material uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from rendering these services.

(iii) Recovery of other expenses

Recovery of expenses from related parties is recognised as a reduction to expenses at terms agreed between the Company and the related entities.

(d) Financial Assets

The accounting for financial assets under IND AS 109 are as follows:

(i) Classification and measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

- Amortised cost;
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL); and
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

The classification of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial assets.

The Company reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Initial recognition

At initial recognition, financial assets are measured at its fair value. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") are measured at fair value. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category is presented in the statement of profit or loss within "other income" in the year in which they arise.

Dividend income from the mutual funds is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

- Debt instrument

Debt instruments of the Company mainly comprises of investment in debt oriented mutual funds.

Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the debt instrument is presented in the statement of profit or loss within "other income" in the year in which they arise.

(ii) Impairment of assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

(iii) Recognition and derecognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date – the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

On disposal of a debt instrument, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss.

(iv) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Short term investments in unquoted mutual funds are valued based on their respective closing Net Asset Values.

(e) Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. A structured entity often has some or all of the following features or attributes: (a) restricted activities; (b) a narrow and well defined objective, such as to provide investment opportunities for investors by passing on risks and rewards associated with the assets of the structured entity to investors; (c) insufficient equity to permit the structured entity to finance its activities without subordinated financial support; and (d) financing in the form of multiple contractually linked instruments to investors that create concentrations of credit or other risks.

(i) Interests in funds managed by the Company

The Company has determined that the investment fund (SMIT) it manages is a structure entity as a result of the power conveyed through its investment management agreement with SMIT which permits the Company to participate in its investing and operating decisions. The Company's interest in SMIT is the management fee that was earned from the fund until April 19, 2020.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an immaterial risk of changes in value.

(g) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business and reflect the Company's unconditional right to consideration.

(h) Share capital

Shares issued by the Company are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds of the issue of shares.

(i) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are initially recognised at their fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(j) Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income (OCI).

(i) Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in India. The Company's directors periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Current tax [including Minimum Alternate Tax] is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Minimum Alternate tax ("MAT") is paid in accordance with tax laws, which give rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustment of future income tax liability. MAT credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal tax in the specified period and when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the company and the asset can be measured reliably.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it intends to realise the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is measured:

- at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date; and
- based on the tax consequence that will follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the balance sheet date, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or expense in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity

(k) Dividend to Company's shareholders

Dividends to the Company's shareholders are recognised when the dividends are approved for payment. A provision for dividend is made by the Company for the amount of any dividend declared and appropriately authorised on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

(l) Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal and a constructive obligation as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or discount rate are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the changes arise.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

(m) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or counterparty.

2.2 Other Accounting Policies

(a) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(b) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousands as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

(c) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Management and Board of Directors.

The board of directors of the Company assesses the financial performance and position of the Company, at each board meeting. Refer to Note 28 for segment information disclosure.

3. Critical Accounting Estimates, Assumption and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with IND AS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the accounting estimates. Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Management believes the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are reasonable. Actual results in the future, however, may differ from those reported.

Accrual for performance incentive to employees included in resource costs and service fee

The accrual for performance incentive included within 'Resource costs' (refer to Note 21) and service fees charged to MSIMPL are currently based on estimates by, respectively, the resource and service providers. These accruals are based on the providers' best estimates as at the date of the balance sheet. The actual results may differ materially when the amount of performance incentive is finalised.

4. Resource Costs

Resource fee represents costs relating to resource services and personnel seconded to the Company. As per the terms of the Shared Facilities Agreement between the Company and Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets (India) Private Limited (MIRAIPL) and the Resources Agreement between the Company and State Bank of India (SBI), staff are seconded by MIRAIPL and SBI to the Company for which the Company reimburses MIRAIPL and SBI for all payments made by MIRAIPL and SBI to such staff. In view of the above, the Company does not have any transactions to which Ind AS 19, Employee Benefits are applicable to employees seconded by MIRAIPL and SBI.

5. Deferred Tax Assets (Net)

The balance comprises temporary difference attributable to:

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	(19,413)
Set-off of MAT credit entitlement	-	20,806
Net deferred tax assets	-	1,393

The Company has recognised deferred tax assets in respect of MAT credit entitlement which arose on the fair value gains of unquoted investments in mutual funds. The Company has concluded that the deferred tax assets will be recoverable upon the realisation of the unquoted short term investments.

Movement in net deferred tax assets/ (liability)

INR ('000)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	MAT credit entitlement	Total
Balance at April 01, 2023	(16,165)	16,486	321
Movement during the year	(3,248)	4,320	1,072
Balance as at March 31, 2024	(19,413)	20,806	1,393
Movement during the year	(17,331)	6,541	(10,790)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	(36,744)	27,347	(9,397)

The Company has recognised deferred tax liabilities in respect of temporary differences which arose on the fair value gains of unquoted short term investments in mutual funds. During the year, due to increase in the fair value gains of unquoted investments in mutual funds the company's net position is deferred tax liability (also refer Note 12).

6. Income Tax Assets

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Current assets		
Advance tax/ tax deducted at source [Net of provision for tax of INR 113,628 (2024: INR 109,183)]	10,377	16,309
Total	10,377	16,309

7. Trade Receivables

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade receivables considered good - Unsecured		
- Service fees receivable from MSIMPL	1,793	4,316
Total receivables	1,793	4,316
Break-up of security details		
Trade receivables considered good – Unsecured	1,793	4,316
Total trade receivables	1,793	4,316

As at the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 the carrying value of trade receivables approximated to their fair values due to short term maturity.

Trade Receivables ageing schedule

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025							
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables								
considered good	-	-	1,793	-	-	-	-	1,793
which will have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables								
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
which will have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	1,793	-	-	-	-	1,793

INR ('000)								As at March 31, 2024
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables								
considered good	-	-	4,316	-	-	-	-	4,316
which will have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables								
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
which will have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	4,316	-	-	-	-	4,316

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

INR ('000')	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
Cash at bank:				
Balances with banks in current account		6,807		30,240
	Units	Fair Value INR ('000)	Units	Fair Value INR ('000)
Short term Investments				
Unquoted				
SBI Magnum Gilt Fund – Direct Plan – Growth	4,055,489	280,246	4,055,489	256,030
SBI Liquid Fund – Direct Plan - Daily Dividend	128,858	147,420	120,920	138,338
HSBC Gilt Fund – Direct Growth (Formerly known as L&T Gilt Fund Direct Plan – Growth)	588,731	44,103	588,731	40,292
Nippon India Gilt Securities Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	3,263,992	138,548	3,263,992	126,370
Total (Unquoted Mutual Funds)		610,317		561,030

INR ('000')	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
Total cash and cash equivalents	617,124		591,450	
Aggregate amount of unquoted short term investments	8,037,070	610,317	8,029,132	561,030
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of short term investments	-	-	-	-

As at the financial years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximated their fair values due to short term maturity.

9. Other Current Assets

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balance with Goods and Service Tax authorities	14,523	11,397
Prepaid expenses	276	275
Total	14,799	11,672

10. Equity Share Capital

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Authorised		
45,500,000 (2024: 45,500,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each	455,000	455,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
41,264,722 (2024: 41,264,722) equity shares of Rs 10 each (fully paid up)	412,647	412,647

1. Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year:

	No. of shares	Amount INR ('000)
Equity shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up		
As at April 01, 2023	41,264,722	412,647
Add/(less): Movement during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	41,264,722	412,647
Add/(less): Movement during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	41,264,722	412,647

2. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has one class of shares i.e. Equity Shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The holders of equity shares are also entitled to receive dividend, if any, as may be recommended by the Board of Directors of the Company subject to approval by the shareholders at a General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend, and such dividend shall be paid on each share on the basis of its paid-up value. In the event of liquidation, the holders of equity shares shall be eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their respective shareholding.

3. Shares held by holding company

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of Shares	Amount INR ('000)	Number of shares	Amount INR ('000)
Macquarie India Infrastructure Management Holdings Pte Limited, the Holding company	21,045,078	210,451	21,045,078	210,451

4. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of Shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding
Macquarie India Infrastructure Management Holdings Pte Limited, the Holding company	21,045,078	51%	21,045,078	51%
State Bank of India	18,569,186	45%	18,569,186	45%

5. Details of shareholding of promoters (as defined under Section 2(69) of Companies Act, 2013)

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31, 2024		
	Number of Shares	% of total number of shares	% of change during the year	Number of Shares	% of total number of shares	% of change during the year
Macquarie India Infrastructure Management Holdings Pte Limited, the Holding company	21,045,078	51%	0%	21,045,078	51%	0%
State Bank of India	18,569,186	45%	0%	18,569,186	45%	0%
International Finance Corporation	1,650,458	4%	0%	1,650,458	4%	0%

6. Changes in equity for current reporting year

INR ('000)				As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting year	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior year errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting year	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting year
412,647	-	412,647	-	412,647

7. Changes in equity for previous reporting year

INR ('000)				As at March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting year	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior year errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting year	Changes in equity share capital during the previous year	Balance at the end of the previous reporting year
412,647	-	412,647	-	412,647

11. Reserves and Surplus

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
General Reserve	14,344	14,344
Retained earnings	197,113	175,424
Total	211,457	189,768

Notes:**1. Nature and purpose of reserves other than Retained earnings****General Reserve**

As per the Companies Act requirement, the Company was required to transfer part of the profits to General Reserve in the years when dividend was declared.

2. Changes in other equity for the current reporting year

INR ('000)	Reserve and Surplus		Total
	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	14,344	175,424	189,768
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	21,689	21,689
Balance at the end of the reporting year	14,344	197,113	211,457

3. Changes in other equity for the previous reporting year

INR ('000)	Reserve and Surplus		Total
	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	14,344	152,918	167,262
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	22,506	22,506
Balance at the end of the reporting year	14,344	175,424	189,768

12. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

The balance comprises temporary difference attributable to:

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	36,744	-
Set-off of MAT credit entitlement	(27,347)	-
Net deferred tax liabilities	9,397	-

The Company has recognised deferred tax assets in respect of MAT credit entitlement on account of fair value gains of unquoted investments in mutual funds. The Company has concluded that the deferred tax assets will be recoverable upon the realisation of the unquoted investments.

Movement in net deferred tax liabilities / (assets)

INR ('000)	Financial asset at fair value through Profit and loss	Mat Credit Entitlement	Total
Balance at April 01, 2023	16,165	(16,486)	(321)
Movement during the year	3,248	(4,320)	(1,072)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	19,413	(20,806)	(1,393)
Charged to profit or loss	17,331	-	17,331
Movement during the year	-	(6,541)	(6,541)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	36,744	(27,347)	9,397

The Company has recognised deferred tax liabilities in respect of temporary differences which arose on the fair value gains of unquoted investments in mutual funds.

13. Trade Payables

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade payables: micro and small enterprises (note 31)	-	65
Trade payables: creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,479	4,529
Trade payables to related parties (note 28)	4,049	12,396
Total	7,528	16,990

As at the financial years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 the carrying value of trade and other payables approximate to their fair values due to short term payment.

Trade Payables ageing schedule

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025						
	Outstanding for following periods from due date						
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	6,280	-	1,248	-	-	-	7,528
Disputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6,280	-	1,248	-	-	-	7,528

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2024						
	Outstanding for following periods from due date						
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	65	-	-	-	65
Others	3,190	-	13,735	-	-	-	16,925
Disputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

INR ('000)							As at March 31, 2024
Total	3,190	-	13,800	-	-	-	16,990

14. Other Financial Liabilities

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Finance costs payable	166	125
Total	166	125

15. Current Tax Liabilities

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	4,320	3,220
Movement during the year (Net of Self-Assessment Tax/ Advance Tax/ TDS of INR 4,141,894)	(1,921)	1,100
Balance at the end of the reporting year	2,399	4,320

Current tax liabilities relate to MAT liability which arose on the fair value gains of unquoted investments in mutual funds. The Company has recognised a corresponding deferred tax liability in respect of MAT credit entitlement. Refer to Note 5 for net deferred tax assets and Note 12 for net deferred tax liabilities.

16. Other Current Liabilities

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Advance from SMIT	-	29
Tax deducted at source	499	1,261
Total	499	1,290

17. Revenue from Operations

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Service fees	8,545	12,322
Total	8,545	12,322

18. Other Income

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Net fair value gains on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	40,205	37,173
Realised net fair value loss on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (refer to (a) below)	-	(1,197)
Dividend income	10,091	9,021
Net foreign exchange differences	11	(55)
Total	50,307	44,942

a) On July 17, 2023, the Company redeemed its investment in LIC Liquid Fund costing INR 6,669 for INR 5,472. An amount of INR 1,197 that was previously being accounted as unrealised fair value losses were reclassified to realised losses.

19. Employee Benefits Expenses

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Salaries and allowances	1,567	1,200
Total	1,567	1,200

20. Finance Costs

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Interest on shortfall of advance tax	166	125
Total	166	125

21. Other Expenses

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Resource costs and other costs (Refer Note 24)	13,063	24,396
Payment to auditors		
Statutory Audit Fees	948	921
Other Fees	31	30
Reimbursement of Expenses	2	1
Legal, professional and consultancy fees	2,174	3,072

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Trustee fees	700	700
Insurance	1,098	1,098
Telephone and communication charges	7	7
Miscellaneous expenses	79	89
	18,102	30,314
Less: Recovery of expenses from related parties	(3)	(129)
Total	18,099	30,185

22. Tax (Benefit) / Expense

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Tax (benefits) / expenses		
Deferred tax (benefit) / expense	17,331	3,248
Total tax (benefits) / expenses	17,331	3,248

(b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Profit / (Loss) before tax	39,020	25,754
Company's domestic tax rate (27.82% (2024: 27.82%))	27.82%	27.82%
Tax at the domestic tax rate	-	-
Tax effect on:		
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods		-
Deferred tax impact on fair valuation of investments	17,331	3,248
Total income tax expenses	17,331	3,248

23. Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares.

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders (A)	21,689	22,506
Basic and diluted - weighted average number of equity shares (in thousands) outstanding(B)	41,265	41,265
Earnings per equity share – Basic and Diluted EPS (INR) (A/B)	0.53	0.55

24. Contingent Liabilities

During the year ended March 2024, the Company received a demand order from GST Department amounting to INR 2,965 ('000) for the period FY 2017-18 to FY 2019-20, against which company has filed an appeal before the GST Appellate Authority and a pre deposit payment (10% of disputed tax) of INR 260 ('000) was paid. An Order was pronounced in favour of the company on 28 February 2025. Company would be filing the application for refund of pre-deposit.

The Company does not have any pending litigation and contingent liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2025.

25. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expense

For FY 2024-25, the Company was not required to incur CSR expenditure as the Company doesn't meet the prescribed limits of net profits / turnover / net worth for the immediately preceding three financial years i.e. FYE 31.03.2022, FYE 31.03.2023 and FYE 31.03.2024.

26. Interests in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

The Company has interests in a structured entity, namely SMIT, as a result of its principal activity, the management of assets on behalf of SMIT.

The structured entity is financed by committed capital investment by investors which is subsequently drawn down to fund investments and meet expenses.

Until April 19, 2020, the Company earned a management fee from the structured entity which was typically based on a percentage of invested capital. The business activity of the structured entity is the management of assets in order to maximise investment returns from capital appreciation and/or investment income.

27. Related Party Disclosures

(a) Relationships (during the year)

- (i) Ultimate holding Company:
Macquarie Group Limited*
- (ii) Holding Company:
Macquarie India Infrastructure Management Holdings Pte Limited ("MIIMHPL") – Singapore
- (iii) Fellow Subsidiary:
Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets (India) Private Limited ("MIRA IPL")
Macquarie SBI Infrastructure Management Pte Limited ("MSIMPL")
SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trustee Private Limited ("SMITPL")
- (iv) Shareholder having significant influence:
State Bank of India ("SBI")
- (v) Venture Capital Fund managed by the Company:
SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trust ("SMIT")
- (vi) Directors:
Mr. Deep Gupta*
Mr. Abhimanyu Diwan*
Mr. Satyendra Kumar Singh (resigned on 25th July 2024)*
Mr. Samir Sawhney*
Mr Sanjay Sahay (appointed on 3rd October 2024)*

* No transactions during the year.

- (vii) The Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Companies, which are part of the group.

(b) Transactions during the year:

INR ('000)	Year	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary	Shareholder having significant influence	Venture Capital Fund	Key Management Personnel
Resource costs and other costs						
- MIRA IPL	2025	-	7,359	-	-	-
	2024	-	19,793	-	-	-
- SBI	2025	-	-	5,704	-	-
	2024	-	-	4,603	-	-
Reimbursement received towards insurance costs						
- SMIT	2025	-	-	-	395	-
	2024	-	-	-	395	-
- SMITPL	2025	-	395	-	-	-
	2024	-	395	-	-	-
Reimbursement received towards Deloitte FATCA/CRS costs						
- SMITPL	2025	-	151	-	-	-

INR ('000)	Year	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary	Shareholder having significant influence	Venture Capital Fund	Key Management Personnel
	2024	-	-	-	-	-
Recovery of expenses						
- SMIT	2025	-	-	-	3	-
	2024	-	-	-	129	-
Service Fees						
- MSIMPL	2025	-	8,545	-	-	-
	2024	-	12,322	-	-	-
Advance paid						
- SMIT	2025	-	-	-	-	-
	2024	-	-	-	-	-
Trustee fees paid						
- SMITPL	2025	-	700	-	-	-
	2024	-	700	-	-	-

(c) Balances at the end of the year:

INR ('000)	Year	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary	Shareholder having significant influence	Venture Capital Fund	Key Management Personnel
Trade Payables						
- MIRAIPL	2025	-	3,134	-	-	-
	2024	-	11,086	-	-	-
- SBI	2025	-	-	757	-	-
	2024	-	-	1,152	-	-
- SMITPL	2025	-	158	-	-	-
	2024	-	158	-	-	-
- SMIT	2025	-	-	-	-	-
	2024	-	-	-	29	-
Trade Receivables						
- MSIMPL	2025	-	1,793	-	-	-
	2024	-	4,316	-	-	-
Balance in current accounts						
- SBI*	2025	-	-	6,807	-	-
	2024	-	-	30,420	-	-

* The Company has day to day transactions with SBI, being the bank, used for payments and receipts in the normal course of business which have not been considered for the purpose of reporting under this note.

28. Segment Information

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Company's other components, and for which discrete financial information is available.

All operating segments' results are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors, which have been identified by the Management for which discrete financial information is available. The Finance Head regularly reviews the performance reports and make decisions about allocation of resources.

The Company has identified the following reportable geographical segments, performance reports of which is regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors.

(i) Within India

(ii) Outside India

(a) Segment revenue

The Company is domiciled in India. The amount of its revenue broken down by location is shown in the table below:

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Within India		
Other Income	50,307	44,942
Outside India		
Service fees	8,545	12,322
Total segment revenue	58,852	57,264

(b) Information about major customers

The details of aggregate of revenue from transactions with more than one single external customer or counterparty amounting to 10% or more of the company's total revenue are as below:

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Service fees	8,545	12,322
Total revenue	8,545	12,322

(c) Segment assets & liabilities

Segment assets and liabilities are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These assets and liabilities are allocated based on the geographical location.

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025		For the year ended March 31, 2024	
	Within India	Outside India	Within India	Outside India
Income tax assets	10,377	-	16,309	-

	For the year ended March 31, 2025		For the year ended March 31, 2024	
Trade receivables	-	1,793	-	4,316
Cash and cash equivalents	617,124	-	591,450	-
Other current assets	14,799	-	11,672	-
Total segment assets	642,300	1,793	619,431	4,316
Deferred tax liabilities	9,397	-	-	-
Trade payables: micro and small enterprises (note 31)	-	-	65	-
Trade payables: creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,186	293	4,111	418
Trade payables to related parties (note 28)	4,049	-	12,396	-
Other financial liabilities	166	-	125	-
Current tax liabilities	2,399	-	4,320	-
Other current liabilities	499	-	1,290	-
Total segment liabilities	19,696	293	22,307	418

29. Financial Risk Management

Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risk management for the Company.

The Company's management measures actual exposures against the limits set and prepares regular reports for the review of the management team and the Board of Directors.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the exposure to adverse changes in the financial position of the Company as a result of changes in market prices or volatility. The Company is exposed to currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk.

(i) Currency Risk

Currency risk arises on financial instruments denominated in a currency other than INR, being the functional currency of the Company. The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of service fee income receivable from MSIMPL, administration fees payable to the Company's administrator and professional fees payable to Deloitte Tax LLP which are denominated in USD.

The Company's net exposure to the currency risk is as follows:

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Financial assets		
Trade receivables	1,793	4,316
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables	(293)	(418)
Other financial liabilities	-	-
Net currency exposure	1,500	3,898

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against the US Dollar at March 31 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in USD and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

INR ('000)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Effect in INR		
USD + 5% Movement	75	195
USD - 5% Movement	(75)	(195)

(ii) Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to financial instrument of its issuer, or factors affecting similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company does not hold any quoted investments, thus the Company do not have any exposure to price risk.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument or its cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Company's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in interest rates. The Company holds underlying investments in debt oriented mutual funds whose fair values are subject to changes in interest rates / yields. Cash held by the Company is not normally expected to be placed for longer than a year and much is invested in current accounts, with immaterial interest rate risk.

The sensitivity of the fair value of the short term investments are subject to changes to interest rates / yields is:

Sensitivity analysis

INR ('000)	+100 Basis Point		-100 Basis Point	
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
SBI Magnum Gilt Fund Direct Growth	2,151	1,960	(2,151)	(1,960)
HSBC Gilt Fund – Direct Growth (Formerly known as L&T Gilt Fund Direct Plan – Growth)	317	288	(317)	(288)
Nippon India Gilt Securities Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	920	836	(920)	(836)
SBI Liquid Fund Direct Daily Dividend	1,263	1,110	(1,263)	(1,110)
Total	4,651	4,194	4,651	(4,194)
Tax Impact	484	436	(484)	(436)
Net of Tax	4,167	3,758	(4,167)	(3,758)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. At the balance sheet date, assets held by the Company for managing liquidity risk included trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents as disclosed in Note 9 and 10 respectively. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet its operational needs.

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

INR ('000)	Carrying amount	Total	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3 months-1 year	1-5 years
As at March 31, 2025						
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	7,528	7,528	162	3,440	3,926	-
Other financial liabilities	166	166	166	-	-	-
Carrying Amount	7,694	7,694	328	3,440	3,926	-

INR ('000)	Carrying amount	Total	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3 months-1 year	1-5 years
As at March 31, 2024						
Financial liabilities						

INR ('000)	Carrying amount	Total	Up to 1 month	1-3 months	3 months- 1 year	1-5 years
Trade payables	16,990	16,990	-	16,714	276	-
Other financial liabilities	125	125	125	-	-	-
Carrying Amount	17,115	17,115	125	16,714	276	-

(c) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The major classes of financial assets of the Company, exposed to credit risk, are cash and bank deposits, trade and other receivables and investments in debt oriented mutual funds. The Company adopts the policy of dealing with financial institutions and counterparties with high credit ratings. The credit ratings of these financial institutions and counterparties are monitored on a regular basis.

All trade receivables are reviewed on a regular basis. The Company measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management consider the probability of default to be close to zero as the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Company.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial assets is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the balance sheet.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are invested primarily in current accounts with reputable financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international credit agencies.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Company's receivables are reviewed on a regular basis. Historical experience of receivables' collections by the Company is supported by no default and hence credit risk is perceived to be low.

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the financial assets of the Company are neither past due nor impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of the following financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure:

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade receivables	1,793	4,316
Cash and cash equivalents	6,807	30,420
Total	8,600	34,736

(d) Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to ensure that the Company is adequately capitalised and to maintain an optimal capital structure by issuing additional equity and debt instruments when necessary. The management monitors its capital based on total equity.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company did not pay any dividends during the current financial year (2024: INR Nil).

(e) Fair Value Measurements

The Company classifies financial assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

A. Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities:

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Amortised cost
Financial Assets				
Trade receivables	-	1,793	-	4,316
Cash and cash equivalents	610,371	6,807	561,030	30,420
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	610,317	8,600	561,030	34,736
Current Liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	-	7,528	-	16,900
Other financial liabilities	-	166	-	125
Total financial liabilities	-	7,694	-	17,115

B. Fair value:

The following table represents financial instruments measured at fair value and classified by level of fair value measurement hierarchy as follows:

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Level 2	Total	Level 2	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Short term investments	610,317	610,317	561,030	561,030

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
Total financial assets	610,317	610,317	561,030	561,030

The carrying amount of trade receivables, trade payables and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

There have been no transfers of financial assets between the three levels of fair value hierarchy during the year. The Company's policy is to recognise transfer into and out of fair value hierarchy level as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Short term investment in mutual funds classified as fair value through profit or loss, are carried at fair value based on their respective closing net asset value.

30. Due to Micro and Small Enterprises

The Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosure pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows: -

INR ('000)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	(Refer to Note 13)	
1. Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	65
2. Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
3. Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
4. Interest paid, other than under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
5. Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-
6. Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under MSMED Act, for payments already made	-	-
7. Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	-	-

31. Financial Ratios

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	% Variance
(i) Current ratio (times)	32.2	27.5	17%
(ii) Return on Equity (%)	3.5%	3.7%	-5%
(iii) Trade receivables turnover ratio (times)	2.8	1.1	155%
(iv) Trade payables turnover ratio (times)	1.7	1.2	42%

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	% Variance
(vi) Net Profit/(loss) margin (%)	253.8%	182.6%	39%
(vii) Return on Capital employed (%)	3.4%	3.6%	-6%
(viii) Return on investment (%)	16.8%	15.0%	12%

The following ratios are not applicable for the Company:

- (i) Debt-Equity ratio
- (ii) Debt Service Coverage ratio
- (iii) Inventory turnover ratio

(a) Explanation of basis of computation of ratios

(i) Current ratio Total current assets divided by total current liabilities	(v) Net capital turnover ratio Revenue divided by the average equity share capital
(ii) Return on Equity ratio Net profit / (loss) divided by total equity	(vi) Net profit / (loss) margin Net profit / (loss) divided by revenue
(iii) Trade Receivables turnover ratio Revenue divided by the average Trade Receivables	(vii) Return on Capital employed Net profit / (loss) divided by total assets
(iv) Trade payables turnover ratio Resource costs and trustee fees divided by the average Trade Payables.	(viii) Return on investment Dividends, realised and unrealised investments gains divided by investments (xi) Return on investment Dividends, realised and unrealised investments gains divided by investments

(b) Reason for variance which exceed 25%

(i) Trade receivables turnover ratio

The variance in the trade receivables turnover ratio is mainly due to the decrease in the average trade receivables. Average trade receivables have decreased due to trade receivables from MSIMPL being lower in the current year.

(ii) Trade payables turnover ratio

The variance in the trade payables turnover ratio is mainly due to the decrease in the average trade payables. Average trade payables have decreased due to trade payables as at March 31, 2025 to MIRAIPL being lower than in the current year and previous year.

(iii) Net profit margin

The variance in the net profit margin is mainly due to a change in net profit, which has decreased from INR 22,506 in the previous year to a net profit of INR 21,689 in the current year.

32. Previous Years Figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, where necessary, to confirm to current year's classification.

33. Daily Backup of Books of accounts

The Company has maintained back-up of the books of accounts and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode on the server located in India. Backup is updated on a yearly basis instead of daily basis during the year.

34. Audit Trail

The Company's administrator uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account that have a feature of recording audit trail as required under rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, except that the audit trail record does not contain the pre-modified values, if any. The Company's administrators have established and maintained an adequate internal control framework and based on its assessment, believes that there is no impact of this on the financial statements as on March 31, 2025. Further, the Company has not been able to preserve audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention due to the limitations in the accounting software.

35. Additional Regulatory Information required by Schedule III

(i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

(ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company did not contract any borrowings from banks and financial institutions, hence this requirement is not applicable.

(iii) Wilful defaulter

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

(v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company is a standalone, hence this requirement is not applicable.

(vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

(vii) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

(viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

(ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

(x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Company did not hold any property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

36. Other Regulatory Information

(i) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the company

The Company did not hold any immovable properties during the current or previous year.

(ii) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

(iii) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The Company did not contract any borrowings from banks and financial institutions, hence this requirement is not applicable.

37. Other Additional Information

There are no amounts due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

**KAPIL
GUPTA** Digitally signed
by KAPIL GUPTA
Date: 2025.04.24
17:19:56 +05'30'

Kapil Gupta

Partner

Membership No.: 127417

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**SAMIR
SAWHNEY** Digitally signed by
SAMIR SAWHNEY
Date: 2025.04.24
13:39:51 +05'30'

Samir Sawhney

Director

DIN: 09224977

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**ABHIMAN
YU DIWAN** Digitally signed by
ABHIMANYU DIWAN
Date: 2025.04.24
14:42:58 +05'30'

Abhimanyu Diwan

Director

DIN: 10046685

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025

**BARKHA
DEEPAK
HINDUJA** Digitally signed by BARKHA
DEEPAK HINDUJA
Date: 2025.04.24 14:43:19
+05'30'

Barkha Hinduja

Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 24, 2025