# SAMRIA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

## TO THE MEMBERS OF SBI CDMDF TRUSTEE PRIVATE LIMITED Report on the audit of Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **SBI CDMDF TRUSTEE PRIVATE LIMITED** (the Company), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025 and its profit, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirement that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

### Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Company's Directors report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this audit report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



### Responsibilities of the Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibility for Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure** "A" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of cash flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014, as amended.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **Annexure** "B" wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion;
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, the provisions of the said section are not applicable to the Company.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - The Company does not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - The Company is not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund, hence there is no such case of delay.
  - (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or other sources or kinds of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or lend or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
  - Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.



3. With regards to the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, based on our audit, we report hereunder on the action taken and the financial impact on the accounts of the financial statements of the Company:

Sr	Directions under Section 143(5) of	Action taken and Financial Impact
No.	Companies Act 2013	•
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The Company has a system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system. According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination there are no accounting transactions processed outside IT system impacting the integrity of accounts.
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts /loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the Company due to the Company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we report that there are no cases of waiver / write-off of debts / loans / interest due to the Company's inability to repay the loan.
3	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no funds (grants / subsidy etc.) received / receivable by the Company for specific schemes from Central / State Government or its agencies and as such there is no deviation.

MUMBAI F.R.N. 109043W

Place: Mumbai Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> April 2025

UDIN: 25049174BMJIIT9711

For SAMRIA & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN: 109043W

**ADHAR SAMRIA** 

**Partner** 

(Membership No.049174)

### SAMRIA & CO.

### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

### SBI CDMDF TRUSTEE PRIVATE LIMITED ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date)

### (i) Property, Plant and Equipment:

a. The Company does not hold any Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets. Accordingly, para 3(i)(a) to (e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

### (ii) <u>Inventories:</u>

- a. The Company is a service provider and does not hold any physical inventory. Accordingly, para 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b. The Company has not taken any working capital limits against security of current assets which requires the Company to file, quarterly returns or statement with banks or financial institutions. Accordingly, para 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

### (iii) Investment, Guarantees and Security, Loans given:

a. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, para 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable.

### (iv) Compliance with Section 185 & 186 of the Companies Act

a. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or provided guarantees and securities covered under Section 185 or Section 186 of the Act. Further, in respect of investments made, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### (v) <u>Deposits</u>

a. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Section 73 to Section 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder apply. Accordingly, para 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

### (vi) Maintenance of Cost Records:

a. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of business carried out by the Company. Accordingly, para 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



### (vii) Remittance of Statutory Dues:

- a. According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the undisputed statutory dues of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs and Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and Cess and others as applicable have been generally regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs and Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues outstanding in respect of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

### (viii) Transactions not recorded in the books of accounts

a. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, para 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

### (ix) Default in repayment of loans or other borrowings:

a. According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from a financial institution, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Accordingly, para 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

### (x) Money raised by way of Initial Public Offer or Further Public Offer:

- a. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, para3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, para 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

### (xi) Frauds:

a. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by



- the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the period, nor have been informed of any such case by the management.
- b. Report under sub-section 12 of section 143 is not applicable and thus, not filed by the auditors with the Central Government.
- c. No whistle-blower complaints are received during the year by the Company.

### (xii) Nidhi Company:

a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence, reporting under para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

### (xiii) Related Party Transactions:

a. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions entered into by the Company with its related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.

### (xiv) Internal Audit System:

a. Section 138 of Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company and hence, para 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.

### (xv) Non-Cash transactions with directors:

a. According to the records of the Company examined by us, and information and explanation given to us, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and hence, para 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

### (xvi) Registration under RBI Act, 1934:

a. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, para 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.

### (xvii) <u>Cash losses incurred by the company:</u>

a. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

### (xviii) Reporting on Auditor's resignation:

a. The auditors of the Company are appointed by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG). There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.



### (xix) Material uncertainty in relation to financial assets and liabilities:

a. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

### (xx) Corporate Social Responsibility:

a. The requirements as stipulated by the provision of Section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, para 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

### (xxi) Reporting on Consolidated Financial Statement:

a. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a holding Company of any other Company and is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, para 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

# MUMBAI OF F.R.N. 109043W

Place: Mumbai

Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> April 2025

UDIN: 25049174BMJIIT9711

For SAMRIA & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN: 109043W

(1)

**ADHAR SAMRIA** 

**Partner** 

(Membership No:049174)

### SAMRIA & CO.

### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

## SBI CDMDF TRUSTEE PRIVATE LIMITED ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date.)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SBI CDMDF TRUSTEE PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A

company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

109043W

Place: Mumbai Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> April 2025

UDIN: 25049174BMJIIT9711

For SAMRIA & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN: 109043W

ADHAR SAMRIA

Partner

(Membership No. 049174)

### Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025

₹ in laklis

		Note No.	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Ĭ	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1	SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			
a	Share Capital	2,1	10.00	10,00
ь	Reserves and Surplus	2.2	57.99	11.64
			67,99	21.64
2	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
a	Trade Payables	2,3		
	(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		1_10	*
	(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small		0.45	0.45
	enterprises		0,43	
Ь	Other Current Liabilities	2.4	2.70	0.99
			4.25	1.44
	TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		72,24	23.08
H.	ASSETS			
1	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
a	Long Term Loans & Advances	2,5	0.30	0.67
	=		0.30	0.67
2	CURRENT ASSETS			
a	Current Investments	2.6	63.75	
b	Trade Receivables	2.7	8.09	6,41
С	Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.8	0.10	16.00
			71.94	22,41
	TOTAL ASSETS		72.24	23.08

Refer Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying notes which form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached of even date

For M/s Samria & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 109043W

Adhar Samria Partner M. No. 049174

UDIN-25049174BMJIIT9711

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd April 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SBI CDMDF Trustee Private United

Venkat Nageswar Chalasani

Director DIN: 07234179

J ..

Inderjeet Ghuliani Chief Financial Officer

(SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 23rd April 2025



Santosh Kumar Mohanty

Director

DIN: 06690879

### Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025

₹ in lakhs

	Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31-Mar-2025	For the period ended 31-Mar-2024 (\$)
I	Revenue from Operations	2,9	77.90	28,34
II	Other Income	2,10	0_02	¥ .
ш	Total Income (I + II)		77.92	28.34
IV	Expenses			
	(1) Other Expenses	2,11	15.98	12.79
	Total Expenses		15.98	12.79
V	Profit Before Tax (III - IV)	I	61.94	15.55
VI	Tax Expense			
	(1) Current Tax	1	15.59	3.91
	(2) Deferred Tax		-	
	Total Tax Expense		15.59	3.91
VII	Profit for the Year (V - VI)		46.35	11.64
VIII	Earnings Per Equity Share of ₹ 10 each			
	(1) Basic	3	46,35	11,64
	(2) Diluted		46.35	11.64

Refer Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying notes which form an integral part of the financial statements. (\$) Refer Note no. 12

As per our report attached of even date

For M/s Samria & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 109043W

Adhar Samria Partner M. No. 049174

UDIN-25049174BMJITT9711

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd April 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SBI CDMDF Trustee Private Limited

Venkat Nageswar Chalasani

Director DIN: 07234179

Inderget Ghuliani Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 23rd April 2025

LOW MINNEY

Santosh Kumar Mohanty

Director

DIN: 06690879

### Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2025

₹ ın laklıs

Particulars	For the year ended 31-Mar-2025	For the period ended 31-Mar-2024 (\$)			
Cash Flow From Operating Activities					
Net Profit Before Taxation	61.94	15,55			
Less:					
Interest on Income Tax Refund	(0.02)				
Operating profit before working capital changes	61,92	15.55			
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade Receivables	(1.68)	(6.41)			
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables & other Current Liabilities	2.81	1.44			
Net Cash Generated From Operations	63.05	10.58			
Income taxes paid	(15.20)	(4.58)			
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	47.85	6.00			
Cash Flow From Investing Activities					
Purchase of current investments	(63,75)				
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(63.75)	*			
Cash Flow From Financing Activities					
Issue of Share Capital	-	10.00			
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		10.00			
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A + B + C)	(15.90)	16.00			
D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	16,00				
E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	0.10	16,00			
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Balance with bank in current account	0.10	16.00			

Note: The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in AS 3 'Cash Flow Statements'.

Refer Significant Accounting Policies and accompanying notes which form an integral part of the financial statements. (8) Refer Note no. 12

As per our report attached of even date

For M/s Samria & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 109043W

Adhar Samria Partner M. No. 049174

UDIN-25049174BMJIJT9711

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd April 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SBI CDMDF Trustee Private Dimited

Venkat Nageswar Chalasani

Director DIN: 07234179

Inderject Chuliani Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 23rd April 2025

Santosh Kumar Mohanty

Director DIN: 06690879



### Notes to the Financial Statements

### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

### **Corporate Information**

SBI CDMDF Trustee Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on 25th July 2023 under the Companies Act, 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of State Bank of India (SBI). The Company is appointed as the Trustee to Corporate Debt Market Development Fund ('the Fund') vide Trust Deed dated October 3, 2023, to supervise the activities of the Fund.

### 1.1. Basis of preparation:

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). These financial statements comply in all material respects with mandatory accounting standards as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and rules made thereunder as applicable to the Company. These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, with fundamental accounting assumptions of going concern, consistency and accrual, unless otherwise stated.

### 1.2. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that are considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as on the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reported period. The management believes that the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

### 1.3. Current and Non-Current Classification:

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of the services and the time between the provision of services and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non - current classification of assets and liabilities.

### **Assets**

An asset shall be classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- c) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Current assets include current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets shall be classified as non-current.





## SBI CDMDF Trustee Private Limited Notes to the Financial Statements

### Liabilities

A liability shall be classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- c) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities shall be classified as non-current.

### 1.4. Investments:

Investments which are readily realizable and are intended to be held for not more than twelve months from the Balance Sheet date are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as Non-Current investments. Current investments are carried at cost or fair value, whichever is lower. Non-Current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, in the value of investments, such reduction being determined and made for each investment individually. Purchase and sale of investments are recorded on trade date.

### 1.5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprises of cash in hand, bank balances and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### 1.6. Revenue Recognition:

- Trusteeship fee is recognised on accrual basis at specific rates as per the Trust Deed and Fund documents.
- Gains and losses on sale of investments are determined using the weighted average cost method.
- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the same is established.

### 1.7. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, supplemented by experience of similar transactions. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recognised when it is probable that a liability has been incurred, and the amount can be estimated reliably.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

### 1.8. Taxes on Income:

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Tax assets and tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable for timing differences between carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their respective tax base. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax assets are recognized on carried forward tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable income. Deferred tax assets, unrecognized or recognized, are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognized / reduced to the extent that it is reasonably certain / no longer reasonably certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

### 1.9. Earnings Per Share:

The Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### **Note No. 2.1 - EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
AUTHORISED		
1,00,000 (P.Y. 1,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹10/- each	10.00	10.00
	10.00	10.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & FULLY PAID UP		
1,00,000 (P.Y. 1,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up	10.00	10.00
	10.00	10.00

a Reconciliation of the number of Equity Shares outstanding

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Number of Shares at the beginning of the year	1,00,000	
Add: Shares issued	5 <b>5</b> 5	1,00,000
Number of Shares at the end of the year	1,00,000	1,00,000

- b Each Equity Share is entitled to one voting right only.
- c Shares alloted as fully paid fully paid bonus shares etc over last 5 years:

Not Applicable. As on 31st March 2025, all equity shares are held by State Bank of India (SBI).

d Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Name of Shareholder	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
State Bank of India	1,00,000 shares (100%)	1,00,000 shares (100%)

### Note No. 2.2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS

a Surplus as per Statement of Profit and Loss

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Balance brought forward	11.64	+
Add: Net Profit after Tax for the year	46.35	11.64
Surplus Carried to Balance Sheet	57.99	11.64





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### Note No. 2.3 - TRADE PAYABLES

₹ in lakhs

/		C IN TENENTS
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Trade Payables		
Dues to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME)	1.10	-
Other than MSME	0,45	0.45
Total	1.55	0.45

Trade Payables - Ageing Schedule

₹ in lakhs

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	CY	I_10	550		( <del></del>	1410
	PY	-	90	ê	(i)	
(ii) Other (includes provisions also)	CY	0.45				0.45
	PY	0.45	(#)	*		0.45
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME		-	:=1		( <del>*</del> )	
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others		-	-		( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	

### Note No. 2.4 - OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Statutory Dues:		
- TDS Payable	0.59	0.20
- GST Payable (net)	0.90	0.79
Reimbursement to SBI Funds Management Limited *	1.21	
Total	2.70	0.99

<sup>(\*)</sup> Refer Note no. 6 for disclosure on Related Party Transactions

### Note No. 2.5 - LONG TERM LOANS & ADVANCES

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Advance Tax (Net of Provision for Tax)	0.30	0.67
Total	0.30	0.67

### Note No. 2.6 - CURRENT INVESTMENTS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Nos.	As at 31-Mar-2025	Nos.	As at 31-Mar-2024
Investment in schemes of SBI Mutual Fund: SBI Liquid Fund - Direct - Growth #	1,636.81	63,75	74E	ja ja
Total	1,636.81	63.75	1( <del>-</del> 2	:::1

(#) Face Value of each unit is Rs. 1000/-

a. Aggregate NAV of unquoted investments in Mutual Funds
 b. Aggregate provision for diminution in value of investments
 Nil
 Nil





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### Note No. 2.7 - TRADE RECEIVABLES

₹ in lakhs

		VIII EURIIS
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Unsecured, Considered good		
- Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date its due	=	: <del></del> :
- Others (Trusteeship Fees) *	8.09	6.41
Total	8.09	6.41

(\*) Refer Note no. 6 for disclosure on Related Party Transactions

Trade Receivables - Ageing Schedule

₹ in lakhs

Particulars		Outst	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade	CY	8.09		-	5#X	-	8.09
Receivables - considered good	PY	6.41	-	-	le)		6.41
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful				•	H <b>2</b> 70		1 <b>%</b>
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good		2	=	-2	120	=	(S
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful		2	*	cæ	280	¥	846

### Note No. 2.8 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2025	As at 31-Mar-2024
Balance with Bank in Current Account *	0.10	16.00
Total	0.10	16.00

(\*) Refer Note no. 6 for disclosure on Related Party Transactions





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### Note No. 2.9 - REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2025	Period ended 31-Mar-2024 (\$)
Trusteeship Fees *	77.90	28.34
Total	77.90	28.34

(\*) Refer Note no. 6 for disclosure on Related Party Transactions

(\$) Refer Note no. 12

### Note No. 2.10 - OTHER INCOME

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2025	Period ended 31-Mar-2024 (\$)
Interest on Income Tax Refund	0.02	-
Total	0.02	(2)

(\$) Refer Note no. 12

### Note No. 2.11 - OTHER EXPENSES

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31-Mar-2025	Period ended 31-Mar-2024 (\$)
Administrative & Establishment Cost *	3.00	1.50
Directors Sitting Fees *	10.80	7.10
Travelling, Lodging & Boarding	0.21	0.05
Meeting Expenses	≅	2.79
Software Cost	1.02	:=:
Legal and Professional Fees	0.02	0.61
Payment to Auditors:		
Audit Fee	0.50	0.50
Other matters	#i	٠
Bank Charges *	0.01	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	0.42	0.24
Total	15.98	12.79

(\*) Refer Note no. 6 for disclosure on Related Party Transactions

(\$) Refer Note no. 12





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### 3 Earnings Per Share (E.P.S.)

EPS is computed in accordance with the AS-20 'Earnings Per Share'. The numerators and denominators used to calculate the Basic and Diluted EPS are given below:

Particulars	31-Mar-2025	31-Mar-2024
Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (A) (₹ m lakhs)	46 35	11 64
Weighted Average Number of Shares (Nos.) (B)	1,00,000	1,00,000
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (A/B) (₹ per share)	46.35	11,64
Nominal Value per Share	10.00	10.00

The Company does not have any potential equity shares and, accordingly, the Basic and Diluted EPS are the same,

### 4 Contingent Liabilities & Capital Commitments: Nil (PY: Nil)

### 5 Segmental Reporting:

The Company is in the business of providing Trusteeship services to Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (CDMDF), The Company is engaged in only one business segment and its operations are carried out entirely in Mumbai, India. Hence, there are no separate reportable segments as per AS-17 'Segment Reporting'.

### 6 Related Party Disclosure:

Holding Company	State Bank of India holds 100% of the share capital
Other Related parties with whom transacted: Fellow Subsidiaries	SBI Funds Management Limited
Alternate Investment Fund (AIF), for which the Company is the Trustee	Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (CDMDF)
Directors	Mr. Santosh Kumar Mohanty (DIN: 06690879) Dr. Hemanta Kumar Pradhan (DIN: 02607244) Mr. Ravindranath Gandrakota (DIN: 08099949) Mr. Venkat Nageswar Chalasani (DIN: 07234179)

### Details of transactions with related parties during FY 2024-25:

(₹ in lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	CDMDF	Directors
Administrative & Establishment Expenses	-	3,00	- 2	*
Reimbursement of Expenses and Statutory Dues	-	13.52		
Trusteeship Fees			77.90	
Bank Charges	0.01			
Sitting Fees		*		10.80
Balances as on 31st March 2025:				
Balance in current account	0.10	-	-	20
Sundry Debtors			8 09	
Other Payables		1.21		

### Details of transactions with related parties during FY 2023-24:

(? in lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	CDMDF	Directors
Administrative & Establishment Expenses		1.50		_ =
Reimbursement of Expenses and Statutory Dues	0.61	7 13		
Trusteeship Fees		*	28.34	
Bank Charges		-	-5	
Sitting Fees		3	2	7_10
Balances as on 31st March 2024;				
Balance in current account	16.00	-		
Sundry Debtors			6.41	
Other Pavables			-	

The Company has maintained bank account with State Bank of India (SBI), which is operated in the ordinary course of business. Inflows and outflows routed through such bank account are not considered as transactions with related party (SBI) and hence, have not been disclosed above.





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

#### 7 Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Trade payables and other current liabilities include amounts payable to Micro. Small and Medium Enterprises. Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMEDA) which came into force from October 02, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, who have registered with the competent authorities.

(₹ in lakhs) 31-Mar-2025 31-Mar-2024 Particulars Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end 1.10 Nil Interest due thereon Nil Nil Amount of interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of the MSMEDA, along with the amount of Nil Nil the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year Amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but Nil Nil beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMEDA Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year Nil Nil The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a Nil Nil deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act

#### 8 Expenditure in Foreign Currency: Nil

### 9 Earnings in Foreign Currency: Nil

#### 10 Additional Regulatory Information:

- The Company does not have immovable property or any Property, Plant and Equipment during the year
- The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) either severally or jointly with any other person.
- The Company does not have any capital work in progress
- The Company does not have any Intangible Assets under development
- No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- The Company does not have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets,
- The Company has not been declared a Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- The Company has not entered into any transaction with companies struck of Funder section 248 of the Companies Act 2013.
- The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period
- The requirement for number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable to the Company since the Company does not have any subsidiary.
- The Company has not entered into any Scheme of Arrangements in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act 2013.
- The Company has neither advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other source or kind of funds) nor received any funds to/ from any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) for lending or investing or providing guarantees to/ on behalf of the ultimate beneficiary during the financial year.
- The Company does not have transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during financial year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- The Company is not covered under the provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR).
- The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during any financial year





### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

### 11 Ratios:

Ratios	Formula	For the year ended 31st March 2025		For the period ended 31st March 2024 (S)		% Change	
	rormug	Basis (₹ ın lakhs)	Ratio	<b>Basis</b> (₹ in lakhs)	Ratio	// Change	
Current Ratio	Current Assets Current Liabilities	71.94 4.25	16 93	22.41 1.44	15.56	8.77%	
Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Capital Employed / Return on Investment	Net Profit After Tax x 100  Average Networth	46 35 44 82	103 43%	11.64 21.64	53,79%	92_28%	
Trade Receivables Tumover Ratio	<u>Credit Sales</u> Average Trade Receivables	77.90 7.25	10,74	28 34 3 205	8,84	21,51%	
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases Average Trade Payables	15.98 1.00	15,98	12 79 0 23	56.84	-71.89%	
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	<u>Sales</u> Net Assets	77 90 44 82	1.74	28.34 21.64	1.31	32.73%	
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit After Tax x 100 Total Income	46 35 77 92	59,48%	11 64 28 34	41.07%	44.83%	
Debt-Equity Ratio / Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Not Applicable as the Company does not have any Debt						
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Not Applicable since the Company is a service provider and does not have any Inventory						

(S) Refer Note no. 12 below

- 12 Corporate Debt Market Development Fund (CDMDF) was launched on 27th October 2023, hence, the Trusteeship Fees and profits in the previous year are for the period 27th October 2023 to 31st March 2024. Financial Year 2024-25 is the first full year of operations for the Company. Hence, previous year figures and ratios are not comparable.
- 13 Previous years figures have been regrouped / reclassed in line with the current year.

As per our report attached of even date

For M/s Samria & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm RegnaNo. 109043W

Adhar Samria Partner M. No. 049174

UDIN-25049174BMJJIT9711

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd April 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SBI CDMDF Trustee Private Dimited

Venkat Nageswar Chalasani

Director DIN: 07234179

Inderject Inuliani Chief Financial Officer (SBI Funds Management Limited)

Date: 23rd April 2025

Santosh Kumar Mohanty Director DIN: 06690879

